

MT. STERLING ADVOCATE.

A WEEKLY JOURNAL, IDENTICAL IN INTEREST WITH ITS OWN PEOPLE.

VOL. VII

MT. STERLING, KENTUCKY, TUESDAY, AUGUST 11, 1896.

NO 3

Dissolution Sale!

Great Bargains

AT—

Cost for Cash.

We desire, and are determined, to close out our entire stock to dissolve and settle the partnership, and will sell all goods at COST for the next THIRTY DAYS.

We have to offer

Wagons,
Buggies,
Plows,
Harrows,

And everything in the Implement line.

Our Hardware stock consists of Shelf Goods, Heating Stoves, Cook Stoves, Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Ice Chests, Ice Cream Freezers, Lawn Mowers, Mantels, Grates, etc. Also our stock of Queens-wares, Tinware, Woodware, etc.

A bargain to any one desiring to purchase the whole stock.

W. P. Oldham & Co.,
MT. STERLING, KY.

MT. STERLING
Collegiate School.

THIS SCHOOL OFFERS A COMPLETE COURSE OF STUDY FOR GIRLS.

Opens September 2, 1896.

Entrance to any of the Eastern Colleges is assured, provided a sufficient time is given for preparation.

Books and supplies well belied will be taken in the Primary and Intermediate Departments.

The school of Music will be in charge of Mrs. E. H. Goodwin, now Miss Alice Graves.

In addition to the regular course, Mrs. Graves will have her usual private class in music.

A few girls will be received as members of the musical class, and will be accommodated in houses near to the school.

For catalogue, Miss HELEN O. CHEVALIER.

Principal.

GOODWIN'S Male High School

WILL BEGIN

SEPTEMBER 2, 1896.

For catalogues apply to

M. J. GOODWIN, Prin.

Miss Jennie Breen

Will begin her

Class in Music

Wednesday, Sept. 2, '96,

At the MARSHALL HOUSE on Clay Street, within convenient distance of all the schools. 21m

To The Front, Shelby!

The United States Marshal is Called to Account.

MESSAGE FROM CRITTENDEN.

Ex-Governor of Missouri the Author of an Open Letter.

IS FOR BRYAN AND SEWALL.

Good Reasons Why the Democrats Should Join Hands.

PARTY SHOULD BE SUPPORTED.

(Kansas City Times.)

Misguided Democrats who have been deserting the party on account of the Chicago platform, are being called sharply to task by men who have fought for Jeffersonian principles for a lifetime. The Times has published several letters of this nature recently. Another is hereewith given. It is an open letter from Mr. T. C. Crittenden, Ex-Governor of Missouri, and at present Counsel General to Mexico, with headquarters at the City of Mexico. The letter is as follows:

Gen. J. O. Shelly, Kansas City, Mo.

Mexico, July 25, 1896.—Dear Joe: I have read your published letter of the 18th last, to Colonel Coffey of Fayetteville, Ark. I think I can write freely to you, as we have not been friends for forty years. I am not in full sympathy with the 16 to 1 ratio; my life here having somewhat modified my views on that question, although there are many countries in worse financial condition than "free silver Mexico." In some respects I dislike the Chicago platform as much as you do, yet there is a way to correct it, and we should await "the man and the hour." It looks to me that Mr. Bryan is slowly and prudently moving in that direction, and if left alone, will divest it, by his personality and speeches, of many of its objectionable features.

Rome was not built in a day, and it was slowly reformed after it was built. I do not see the danger in Bryan that you do. I think you are unnecessarily alarmed on certain planks in the platform. The abuse of Mr. Cleveland was certainly out of place in a Democratic convention by men claiming to be Democrats, yet leaders and reformers have been abused in all ages, in all nations, by men who are more volatile than thoughtful. Some of our own leaders in Missouri have led on the dance with marvelous slowness and embittered tongues. Would it not be well to encourage charity and fidelity at home before hoisting from the ranks of a party in which you have served so long and which has honored you so highly? If your course is logically pursued, hoisting will follow all along the line, for there is not one man who will be nominated for a State office by the Democratic party of Missouri, who has not poured his "vials of wrath" on the President's head. Let us be true to all or false to all, not making curses of one and idols of the others. Some, it may be, are justifying their right to bolt the ground that Bryan declared in Alabama in 1895 that he would not support "a gold standard candidate on a gold standard platform." What if he did say this? It was a hasty speech, the cause of which I know not, how provoked or under what frenzy it was uttered, and if wrong then, how can it be made right by repetition of that action by another? Two wrongs never made a right. Who is there, who has not at some time talked too much? Jephtha's vow made him a murderer, and an external example against a foolish remark. Such vows are "more honored in the breach than observance." Measure a man by his quiet acts, his quiet words, rather than by heated actions and inflamed oratory.

The supreme court of the United States is not in so much danger from inconsiderate attacks of a convention as from the more insidious one of appointing men to that eminent "wool sack" for special purposes and covert reasons, or from judges on that bench strangely changing their opinions between the rising and the setting of the

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The plank in the Democratic platform is not a bruten fulmen in attacking that venerable party, for it will, in my opinion, cause one or more of the judges to be more thoughtful in the future upon delivering their opinions upon great public questions. We must not expect, at all times, carefully weighed and well measured words from these public conventions; conventions are at times like volcanoes in action. At the most unexpected moment they become explosive.

It won't do to desert a political party because there are hasty and inconsiderate people in it. The personnel of the Chicago convention was unquestionable; many of them our personal friends; many old gray-headed men, whose faith and hope are in the preservation of the government and the Democratic party. They believe in the virtue of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1, and since they constituted a majority they had a right to control. That is Democratic and we should "take our medicine," like good soldiers and partisans.

No one man, even if he is the Army and commander-in-chief of the army and navy, no one party, can overturn the Supreme court of the United States, or even do it violence, without creating a second rebellion in this country greater than the first. I am by nature a very conservative man, and may not see things hidden from sight as clearly as you do. I think there is much sheet lightning in the words heard on every street corner about the dangers contained in the declaration of the convention against the Supreme court, and in Mr. Bryan as the representative or nominal of that convention. A foreigner to our ways and country might conclude from what he reads and hears that the convention was composed of the worst elements of the States, and that Mr. Bryan was, and is, a six-foot piece of dynamite walking about to destroy courts, government and mankind.

You and I owe much to the old party. Because majority of our fellow Democrats have given us a platform which is not to our taste, that is no reason why we should play the coward and die in the presence of a common enemy. What harm can Bryan do the country upon such a platform if elected? None! none! none! He is not a Cataline; he is not a Boulanger. He is plain, old-fashioned Presbyterian; trained in all the less of conservatism and integrity, &c., &c., &c., violate the art of the covenant as the teachings of the constitution. Should he be elected the very chair of State, hallowed by patriotic association, would cry out against every movement, every action, that would be hurtful to the judiciary and financial system of the fathers.

I may dislike certain features of the platform, but not the man and the President. The nomination of Bryan has not been without its force and good results already. In one of our daily dailies there is a significant notice that the banks of New York "had begun to deposit at the sub-Treasury large sums for the purpose of protecting it from the cowardly raids of guerrillas and coyotes in speculation on their country's condition." This shows that the danger signal held out for months in New York by those banks had been more to intimidate and forecast the real facts. Banks, like the gold within their vaults, are great cowards in time of danger.

The government should never be a slave to any class, a victim and plaything to any band of men, on Wall Street, New York, or Lombard Street, London. I do not apprehend as much danger as the gold extremists indicate. It is true, it is a baby in swaddling clothes in finance, and may not have the power of seeing through the millstone. If let alone the relations between gold and silver will sooner or later adjust themselves. The supply of gold for the last year has reached, as soon as possible, and give praise to Caesar those honorable things which rightfully belong to him. He has the nerve, the sense of justice, and the manhood to do it unless I am greatly mistaken in the man. For such conduct the Democratic convention was more responsible than was the Republican party for the personal and official attacks made upon the President by the St. Louis convention. Those attacks were conceived in malignity, and were born in low politics and hatred, but he defeated the g. o. p. twice; broken its hold upon the Treasury and the Government, and had arisen from humble manhood to a sublime, historic character, and because he stands head and shoulders above his accusers.

I am well acquainted with Governor

the government, and the more dependent will the government become and the weaker will the people be to make the contest. All that any patro could say to Bryan and Sewall as they entered the great fight upon the various questions that enter into the campaign, provided they should be elected, is:

"Woodman, spare that tree!

"Touch not a single bough.

"In youth it sheltered me,

"And I'll protect it now."

My impression is that gentlemen will as safely guard the great trust confided to them as have Lincoln, Grant and Cleveland in the past. I am aware that Mr. Bryan has been called, time and again, an anarchist, which is as foolish and untenable in my opinion, as the charges made in the past against Mr. Jefferson, who was frequently charged with being an anarchist by the Federalists, when he launched the Democratic party, into existence, as Bryan is now by the glib-tongued orators and papers of the day.

Even some of the old women, the old Puritan mothers were so alarmed by the charges of infidelity made against Mr. Jefferson that they concealed their old treasured family bibles in wells, in order to escape his destructive grasp. Will not do to believe everything you hear and see these days, especially in politics, from either side or against either side.

Mr. Bryan has the crime charged against him of being a young man. Those making the charge forget that Alexander Hamilton was famous at 25; Jefferson was great at 33, at which age he wrote the Declaration of Independence; Madison was preeminent at 28, and Monroe was a historic character at 30. So the charge of youthfulness is a foolish one. In a nation of young men, John Russell Young said in a letter to the New York Herald of July 19, "It is dangerous to assail a candidate because of his years. Bryan is a young man of great ability and force of character."

In this canvas there is no middle ground; it is either McKinley or Bryan for the Presidency. They represent extreme ideas on certain questions, and each is the antithesis of the other as a politician. The intensity of the canvas, its freedom from personal abuse, which is commendable, will burn out any third party if one is in the field; leaving only a few old stock actors beating the air. Bryan and "his crew" as they derisively call it, will sweep over them as a cyclone does a country village, leaving a head here, a leg yonder, and an old theory in mid-air. Men, whether Democrats or Republicans, should be brave enough and true enough to vote for either McKinley or Bryan, and not dodge the question by any third party movement in the name of Democracy. There is no room for a third party in this great national canvas. "None will be so poor as to do it reverence" during or after the real battle. In a quiet and conservative way, my dear friends, I have written to you as an old friend of forty years standing. Within that time you wondered after four years after a dream and after a shadow, under the noblest impulse that ever inspired a brave, true man, and now let me entreat you not to wander again into the wilderness of unrest and uncertainty for four years.

In making this request I know I am writing in the face of what you have already said. From a long personal knowledge of you, I know you never retreat after having once taken your stand, from a principle or from a battle-field, unless convinced that you are in error or driven by dominant forces. The old home, with which you are so familiar, and the old friends, are best. In reading between the lines I do not see that you have left the ranks of your own party, except on certain conditions. I do not think those conditions will be of much importance to you, for you are a sincere Democrat, and to one of his co-associates, or to the high financial standing of government, I would not hesitate one moment in desiring them. But as I fear no such danger from their election, I shall give Bryan and Sewall my earnest support.

Very truly your friend,

THOS. T. CRITTENDEN.

Enoch's
Bargain House.

COST PRICE LIST.

It will be well for you to cut this out and save it for future use.

No. 7 Griddle Sc.,
" 8 Griddle 11c.
" 7 Skillet 11c.
" 8 Skillet 13c.
" 7 Pot 22c.
" 8 Pot 25c.
" 7 Iron Stove Boilers

55 cents.

No. 8 Iron Stove Boilers

68c.

6-Hole Muffin 11 on 12c.

No. 7 Flat Pan 18c.

" 8 Fish Pan 20c.

" 7 Tea Kettle 24c.

Wooden Spoons 6c.

No. 7 Steamers 12c.

" 8 Steamers 18c.

Tin Oil Cans, 1 gal. 11c.

Glass Oil Cans, 1 gal. 19c.

Tin Slop Bucket 18c.

1-Quart Tin Can 32c per dozen, or \$3.35 gro.

Box, 6x3 a box.

Hilts Hog Rings 5¢ a box, 50¢ a dozen.

Bread Pans, size 8x10. 5¢.

" 10x12. 7x4, 6c.

" 11x13. 8x5, 6c.

" 10x16. 10x6, 6c.

" 10x20. 11c.

Large Screw Strap Hinges

17 inch, 18c.

Large Screen Strap Hinges,

18 inch, 20c.

20 inch, 22c.

Large Screen Strap Hinges,

22 inch, 26c.

Long handle Steel Shovel

38c.

Long handle Hay Fork 32c.

Flat Platform Scale, weight 600 pounds, cost \$15, will sell for \$10, never been used.

Hoop, largest size Tub 52c.

2 Hoop, medium size Tub

12c.

2 Hoop, small size Tub 35c.

Parlor Matches, 9¢ a dozen box, or \$1 gro.

Strap Hinges, 3 inch, 2¢ a pair.

Strap Hinges, 4 inch, 3 a pair.

Strap Hinges, 6 inch, heavy, 4¢ a pair.

Good Door Locks 15¢ com. plate.

3x3 Inch Batts 5¢ a pair.

Small Hand Saw 20c.

Medium Hand Saw 30c.

Dixon's Hand Saw, 26 inch, 95c.

Hand Saw Files, 2 for 5c.

Screws, 3x1 inch, 8¢ a gro.

Screws, 1x1 inch, 11c a gro.

B. B. Cartridges 13¢ a hundred.

Catridges, 22 Shorts, 12c a box.

Catridges, 22 Longs, 14c a box.

Coat Hooks, 10¢ a dozen.

Steel Plivers 14c.

Hunt's Axe, 4 to 5 lbs.

48c.

Full-size Wooden Buckets

10c.

Grocery Boards, worth \$1.50 for 16c.

Clothes Horses, worth \$1.25 for 60¢.

2 Farm Bells, worth \$1.75 for \$1.

Mop Sticks, worth 15¢ for 6¢.

The above is just what these goods cost me, and you will do well to lay in a year's supply.

Enoch's
Bargain House.

MT. STERLING, KY.

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Cures

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NERVOUS, DESPONDENT, WEAK, DISEASED MEN

Cures Guaranteed or No Pay

YOUNG or MIDDLE-AGED MEN You may have been the victim of Self Abuse when young. Later Excesses or overeating to the point of debauchery has ruined the work. You feel the symptoms stealing over you. You know you are not a man mentally and morally, why not be cured. In time you may be so weak as to be incapable of the exercise of these diseases. Our NEW METHOD TELLS YOU HOW TO CURE YOURSELF ALL ELSE FAILS.

Emissions, Varicose and

Syphilis Cured

W. M. MILLER W. M. MILLER



Before Treatment After Treatment

"At the age of 15 I commenced to ruin my health. Later on as 'ONE OF THE BOYS' I was weak and disease SYPHILIS. I was weak and disease pains, hair loss, sore tongue and mouth, etc. I was treated and failed in curing me. Drs. Kennedy & Kergan in Cincinnati, Ohio, used their Method Treatment. I would warn similar cases to go to them. They are reliable honest and skillful physicians."

CONSULTATION FREE.
We treat and cure Varicocele, Syphilis, Emphysema, Impotency, Unnatural Discharges, Kidney and Bladder Diseases.

17 YEARS IN OHIO

200,000 CURED

See our many Write for Question Blanks for Home Treatment Books Free.

Consultation free.

Drs. KENNEDY & KERGAN

No. 123 W. FOURTH ST.

CINCINNATI, - OHIO

Nest Building Fishes.

There are fishes that build nests just as birds do. Not long ago some of them were brought to this country from Japan, and the San Francisco Examiner says one can buy a pair of them for a small price at any dealer's.

The habits of these creatures are remarkably interesting, and, unlike gold fish, they will breed in an aquarium or even in a glass globe. They produce three or four broods of young annually so that the owner is able to make money by disposing of the increase. In the land of the Mikado, to which they are native, they are called paradise fishes.

The nests which they make are very odd, indeed, being composed entirely of air bubbles. When the time for mating arrives the male undergoes a striking change in its appearance. Ordinarily he is of a dull, silvery color, but now he exhibits stripes of red, blue and green, with streaks of bright orange on the ventral fin. Such is the costume in which he goes a-wooing.

Later the female proceeds to construct the family nest at the surface of the water. Swallowing air she ejects it in the shape of bubbles, which are held and made permanent by glutinous capsules from a secretion in her mouth. Having got together in this way a sufficient mass of bubbles she proceeds to lay.

At this stage the female paradise fish seems always to be seized with a strange desire to gobble her own eggs. This she would inevitably do but for the watchfulness of the mate, who prevents her, taking the eggs in his mouth and ejecting them beneath the mass of bubbles, to which they rise and find a resting place among them. Sometimes he will conduct his mate under the nest, so that the eggs, that are laid may ascend to it, when laying is finished he keeps guard over the nest, attacking the female if she comes near. Meanwhile he busies himself in the making of fresh bubbles to take the place of those which chance to burst.

This performance is kept up for five days, at the end of which the young are hatched out. They cannot swim, but cling like little tadpoles to the bubbles. If one falls to the bottom, as happens now and then, the mama fish takes it in her mouth and disgorges it among the bubbles again. Her watchfulness is continued until the little fishes are able to take care of themselves.

They grow fast in a glass globe or aquarium, attaining a length of three or four inches. They thrive best on chopped single worms, but raw beef cut fine will serve as a substitute. Apparently they are exclusively carnivorous. Care must be taken not to expose them to the cold, which quickly kills them.—Scientific American.

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Wright's Colery. Two cures constipation, sick headaches. 25¢ a druggist.

ANSWERS

To Live Questions—Some Things
in Which We are All
Interested.

The following is clipped from the Cincinnati Enquirer and each answer is well worth reading by any man who desires to inform himself on matters that are now so prominently before the country.

One asks:—By what acts of Congress was the gold standard established and when passed?

Answer.—The astounding fact is that the gold standard has been established in this country, not by acts of Congress, but by unauthorized decisions and acts of Presidents and Secretaries of the Treasury. It is very important that the people of this country should understand how their elected representatives have been acting in this matter. Our monetary history for 30 years bears evidence of a steadfast, unwavering attempt on the part of certain persons and interests to create scarce money in this country, to make money dear by limiting its volume. Everybody now knows, or at least ought to know, that all bonds of the United States are payable in gold. Part of these bonds were issued under an act of July 14, 1870, which provided that the bonds should be payable in coin of the then standard value if all bonds issued since then had been required to be the same kind of bonds as those of July 17, 1870. In 1870 the proposal for both gold and silver coins at the ratio of 1 to 16, the pretense, therefore, that these bonds were understood to be payable in gold alone, is absurd. In order to remove any doubt on this point in 1877-78 both houses of Congress passed a joint resolution expressly declaring that the bonds, principle and interest, were payable in either silver or gold coin, as the Government of the United States might elect. Charles Foster, John G. Carlisle, and William McKinley all voted for this resolution.

See editorial in THE ENQUIRER, July 30, (Reproduced in THE ADVOCATE of August 4.) In 1873 silver was clandestinely dropped. In 1875 it was again made a full legal tender, and is still so to-day. The next step in the conspiracy was the creation of the \$100,000,000 gold reserve for the redemption of the greenbacks. Perhaps you may be surprised to know that Congress never passed a law authorizing and directing such a reserve fund. Such, however, is the fact. The then Secretary of the Treasury started this fund on his own responsibility. Its effect, of course, was to lock up \$100,000,000 in the Treasury, and thus make money scarce by that amount. But why was the reserve of gold alone? Why not of silver or of both gold or silver? Did you ever read a greenback? One lies before me and it says: "The United States will pay the bearer five dollars." All the greenbacks were issued prior to 1873, and every person knew, or ought to have known, that at that time dollars were made of gold or silver. A greenback, therefore, at most was a promise to pay either gold or silver. The Secretary of the Treasury, however, redeemed them in gold alone. By the Sherman law of 1890 the Secretary of the Treasury was commanded to purchase monthly 4,500,000 ounces of silver, and to issue therefor Treasury notes redeemable on demand in gold or silver coin at the discretion of the Secretary of the Treasury. Secretaries Foster and Carlisle both discriminated against silver, and the result was that the bill in redeeming Treasury notes, when the bankers and speculators had cornered President Cleveland issued \$362,000,000 worth of bonds and sold them to the bankers at their own price, whereby they pocketed a profit of \$8,000,000 to \$9,000,000. Congress, however, true to its uniform policy of the past, refused to make these bonds payable in gold, alone. In the face of this action of Congress, the Administration is paying out gold alone for greenbacks and Treasury notes, but as there is a Presidential election in November, the New York banks have agreed to let up until that time. They are afraid that another issue of bonds at this time would provoke such a storm of popular indignation that they would never again have an opportunity to fleece the Government.

Question.—Give an account of the alleged reasons for and the events that led to the act of 1873. Also name leaders who steered the bill through Congress. What were their motives? Could not silver be maintained as a standard?

Answer.—In 1873 there was practically very little gold or silver money

in circulation in the United States, owing to the issue of greenbacks and the discrimination against said greenbacks by the very government issuing them. Our National debt had been made payable in coin, which, at the time, meant either gold or silver coin.

The act of 1873 was engineered by the holders of our Government obligations and was carried through by their emissaries in Congress. Under the guise of a bill regulating the affairs of the United States mint a provision was smuggled through changing the unit since 1792, to the gold. The coinage of the standard silver dollar was discontinued, and by a supplemental act in 1874 it was made a legal tender to the extent of \$5 unit. As the time drew near for the demonetization of specie payment it was discovered that coin had surreptitiously been made to mean gold alone. In other words the option to pay out governmental obligations in either gold or silver at the election of the government, had been taken away and everything was payable in gold alone. This enormously enhanced the value of these obligations. If a dollar had more purchasing power of commodities at one time than it does at another, its value has increased. That is the meaning of the word value when applied to money. There was no public demand made prior to 1873 for the demonetization of silver. No political party had requested it in its platform, and the newspapers of the country were in absolute ignorance of the tremendous change in our financial system effected by this law. Senators and Representatives who voted for the law, and the President of the United States, who signed the bill, afterward declared that they were ignorant at the time of any provision in the bill demonetizing silver. The pretense that silver was demonetized because at that time it was not on a parity with gold is absolutely without foundation.

As a matter of fact, the silver in a silver dollar at that time was worth more than the gold in a gold dollar, so that if lack of parity was the reason gold should have been demonetized and not silver. France alone had maintained the parity of the metals, although at the beginning of that period the production of silver was three times in value of that of gold and toward the end of that period the production of gold was three times in value of silver.

Question 1. Is \$10 in silver dollars a legal tender for payment of debts in the United States?

2. Are silver dollars a legal tender for the payment of any debt due in the United States and for any amount? Where there is a special contract to be paid in gold, is silver not a legal tender?

Answer.—The standard silver dollar is an unlimited legal tender to any amount except where the contract calls for payment in a particular kind of money. This discrimination against silver money was introduced by the Bland-Allison bill of 1873. The silverites will abolish this distinction if successful in this year's election, and will treat silver and gold exactly alike, as was done from the foundation of this Government up to 1873.

PROSPERITY.

Predicted by Rev. Talmage II
Silver Wins.

New York, Aug. 4.—Rev. T. DeWitt Talmage arrived at East Hampton on Friday last from Chautauqua, where he had attended an educational convention. He has made a tour of the country. Not only in the big cities did the doctor mingle with the residents, but in remote and sparsely populated districts and in minor towns and villages.

"During my entire trip," he said today, "I did not find less than one or two men who are not silverites. The unanimity was astounding. The sentiment down South is universally for the white metal. Bryan and Sewall will get a very large vote from that section of the country. I am not advocating that side of the political question, but I do not believe, with a good many of my Christian friends, that in the success of that movement the country will greatly suffer. Instead," he continued, "I believe that if the silver people win there will be such a revival in business, such a boom in industries, which are now inactive, and such a general shifting up of commercial interests that the country will be sure to prosper."

Answer.—In 1873 there was practically very little gold or silver money

WONDERFUL

Outpouring for Silver in One County
—Seven Hundred Republicans
Join the Club.

Friday of last week the Democrats of Roane County, W. Va., were to hold their County Convention for the nomination of county officers. To explain what will follow it is well enough to say that the biggest vote ever cast by the Democrats in the county was 1,700. At the last election Warren Miller, (Rep.), present Representative in congress, carried the county by 180 majority.

Before the convention was opened it was evident to the most casual observer that the crowds in the streets of Spencer were the largest ever seen there, and that every man of them was a strong advocate for free silver. A count of heads brought the astounding result that there were over 1,800 voters present, among whom were over 700 Republicans. The enthusiasm became so great that something had to be done to relieve the pressure, and it was suggested that the County Convention be turned into a Bryan free silver primary. The suggestion took wild, wild, and a primary or mass convention was opened, with rolls opened for the signatures of those advocating free silver. One thousand eight hundred men signed the rolls 100 more than the Democrats ever polled in the county, and of the great crowd it is said 750 were former Republicans. Instead of Miller carrying Roane this fall, the men present say that Pendleton's majority will be less than 1,100.

BRYAN NEEDN'T SPEAK.

Peffer Says No Formal Acceptance Necessary.

Senator Peffer says in his paper, the Topeka Advocate, that it is unreasonable to expect Bryan to accept or decline the Populist nomination.

"Mr. Bryan is the regular nominee of the Democratic party," says Peffer, "and will be expected to endorse his party platform. The platform is not a Populist declaration and does not satisfy the demands of the Populist party. Let the reader compare the platform adopted at St. Louis with the Democratic platform adopted at Chicago, and he will at once note that the Populists take much higher and broader grounds than the Democrats. The two parties are essentially different."

Senator Peffer says that the nomination of Bryan at St. Louis was made not as a party measure, but solely because of the universal desire of the Populists, as of the Democrats and the silver Republicans, to combine their voting strength to defeat a common enemy.

"Populists," he says, "have not thought of effecting a permanent union with men of other parties. Therefore it is unreasonable, as it is necessary and important, that Mr. Bryan should have anything to do with the affairs of the Populist party. We are competent to manage our business. What we want and do want now, is to effect such a combination with men of other parties as will secure the best effect of the united voice of men opposed to the Republican gold standard policy."

Harvesting Kaffir Corn.

As soon as the seed begins to glaze, begin to cut and shock. Make the sheaves 16 rows wide and the same distance in length. Balance it well, for the seed is so heavy that it will go down easily. I like very large shocks and have never had any difficulty in getting them to cure well. Unlike Indian corn it does not dry up and when it is dry it will stand in the field a few weeks. One man can do his chores, keep his farm going, and single-handed cut and shock all the kaffir corn he can plant and cultivate. After it is well cured, stack it or house it as you would ordinary corn fodder, or let it stand in the field until wanted for use. Prepare a rack in the feed lot and feed it as hay. It is not necessary to thresh it. Feed stalk and seeds, letting the hogs and chickens follow the cattle. It is as near an ideal feed as can be found in any one feed, and is quite desirable in that one can raise the entire crop himself. It is easy to separate the seed from the fodder, run the stalks through a threshing machine after removing all but one row of concave teeth. The grain will come out as clean as wheat, and the fodder is shredded.—American Agriculturist.

A Coal Thief



is plifing in your bin, and you permit it. A cooking stove that has to be overfed to be coaxed to cook at all, and dumps it's coal without digesting it is a downright robber.

Majestic Steel Range

saves food and fuel enough in two years to pay for itself. All parts unbreakable—steel and malleable iron. It's heat can't escape. A quick and even baker. You can learn all about the Majestic Cooking Range at our store.

The Majestic is such a saver that it pays to discard a cast iron stove for one.

FOR SALE BY W. W. REED,
Dealer in Hardware, Queensware, Etc.
Mt. Sterling, Ky.

Ever Think While Eating

How much a few Dollars would improve your table? How many nice things you can pick up in

TABLE-WARE.

ORNAMENTS,

CHINA, GLASS, ETC.,

Out of our entirely new stock. Every dinner set, every toilet set, every lamp, every piece of cut glass is new.

E. CLARK KIDD,
E. MAIN STREET LEXINGTON, KY.

USE NONE BUT THE BEST.

"OLD PUGH," Bourbon or Rye is Always the Best.

It is strictly an old-fashioned, Hand-made Sour-mash Whisky, put up twelve bottles to the case. Each bottle has our signature strip across stopper. Consumers should insist on getting the "OLD PUGH." SOLD EVERYWHERE.

R. S. Strader & Son,
SOLE OWNERS AND BOTTLERS,
SALESROOM—74 East Main Street, Lexington, Ky.

REPAIRING AND TIMING
Fine Watches a Specialty.

C. C. FREEMAN,
Jeweler and Optician.

MT. STERLING, - KY.

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Silver-plated Ware, Gold Pens, Spectacles, etc.

Best Goods.

Lowest Prices.

Bicycles.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN'S BICYCLES AT

YOUR PRICE AND TERMS

Any of the leading makes furnished you upon cash payment at Catalogue prices as follows: Wheels costing \$35.00 and up, tires \$1.00 to \$2.00, fenders \$1.00, handle bars \$1.00, seat \$1.00, chain \$1.00, bell \$1.00, etc. Price to be paid for cash and \$100 per month. When costing over \$50.00 for \$70.00 cash and \$100 per month. WHEELS DELIVERED UPON RECEIPT OF THE FIRST PAYMENT.

Wheels Guaranteed to be NEW and First

Class in all Respects or Money Refunded.

Decide upon model of wheel you desire and order by number from catalogue of that manufacturer. Can also furnish anything in the cycle line. Address

W. H. GARNER, Sec'y,

WINCHESTER KY.

Most in Quantity. Best in Quality.

WORMS!

WHITE'S CREAM

VERMIFUGE

FOR 20 YEARS

Has local WORM Remedies.

EVERY BOTTLE GUARANTEED.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

RICHARDSON HERBAL CO., ST. LOUIS.

TRIMBLE BROS.

WHOLESALE & GROCERS

MT. STERLING, KY.

At Wholesale and Retail.

Wright's Colery. Two cures constipation, sick headaches. 25¢ a druggist.

MILDE PAINT FILLS "YOU DON'T SEE IT."

NERV
WE
Cures

ADVOCATE PUBLISHING COMPANY

Tuesday, Aug. 11, 1896.

TERMS OF ANNOUNCEMENT

For County Offices \$ 5
 For District " 10
 Cash must accompany order.
 No announcement inserted until paid for.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

Presidential.

For President of the United States,
 W. J. BRYAN.
 of Nebraska.

For Vice-President of the United States.
 ARTHUR SEWALL,
 of Maine.

Congressional.

For Congressman, Tenth District,
 T. Y. FITZPATRICK,
 of Floyd County.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

For Circuit Judge.

We are authorized to announce
 JUDGE B. F. DAY,
 as a candidate for Circuit Court Judge of this district, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
 J. L. MILLER,

as a candidate for Circuit Court Judge of the 3d Judicial District, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Commonwealth's Attorney.

We are authorized to announce
 J. H. WILLIAMS,
 of Monroe, as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney of the 2d Judicial District, Mr. Young or Mr. Williams, of Monroe, and Monroe and Rowan, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
 WILL A. YOUNG,

of Rowan, as a candidate for Commonwealth's Attorney of Monroe, Rowan, Fayette, Marion, Montgomery and Hatch, Mr. Young submits his claims to the action of the Democratic party.

For Circuit Clerk.

We are authorized to announce
 SETH R. BRIGHT,

as a candidate for Circuit Court Clerk of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

County Court Clerk.

We are authorized to announce
 J. L. HAINLINE,
 as a candidate for County Court Clerk, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
 THOS. D. JONES,

as a candidate for County Court Clerk of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

We are authorized to announce
 H. C. GILLISPIE,

as a candidate for County Court Clerk of the Democratic party.

City Attorney.

We are authorized to announce
 J. OHION B. PHIPPS,

as a candidate for the office of City Attorney of the city of Mt. Sterling, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

For Jailer.

We are authorized to announce
 W. T. STOKLEY,

as a candidate for Jailer of Montgomery County, subject to the action of the Democratic party.

To the Readers of the Advocate:

For reasons of a private nature and that are entirely disconnected with the business of the paper, I have this day sold my interest in THE ADVOCATE to Mr. Bruce W. Trimble, a gentleman in every way worthy the confidence and esteem of its readers. Mr. J. W. Hedden, with whom I have been associated for the past five years, will continue his connection with the paper and together with Mr. Trimble will see that I lose nothing by the change.

I ask for these gentlemen a continuation of the generous support extended to THE ADVOCATE in the past.

Mr. Hedden is a true Democrat and a patriotic citizen who does not stop to see if there is personal gain in it, when he can do ought to further the interest of his party or advancement of his section. He has sacrificed much of personal interest for the good of both his party and his people in the past; he will not hesitate to do as much in the future.

The writer does not have to tell this people that Mr. Trimble is a gentleman, whose most prominent characteristic is faithfulness, and that whatever his hand finds to do, he does with all his might. He is equipped both by education and

taste for the work he has undertaken, and experience will soon make him a power in the State press. Mr. Trimble has a wide acquaintance throughout a large part of the State, gained during his work as a minister of the Gospel, and all who know him fully appreciate the true worth of the man.

In the hands of two such men and circulating among so generous and appreciative a people as ours, THE ADVOCATE cannot fail of continued success.

I should be utterly lacking in gratitude if I did not express my full appreciation of the cordial kindness I have uniformly received at the hands of this people, and if my business and social relations with them are to close, it will be not choice on my part, but sheer necessity, that orders it.

Gratefully,
 C. W. HARRIS.

August 11, 1896.

Dr. C. W. Harris' connection with the ADVOCATE ceases with this issue, having sold his interest to Mr. B. W. Trimble. I will not take advantage of this occasion to throw bouquets. It could be done in rich profusion. As a man of courage, one who will bear his part of burdens and responsibilities, a smooth and pleasing writer, his successor is hard to find. Wherever he may go, and into whatever business he may engage, he has the best wishes of the writer and, doubtless, of his many friends as well. Together with him I have been trying to publish a newspaper strictly moral and uplifting in its tone, and, politically, a Democratic journal in strict accordance with party principles and policies. That we have succeeded and our efforts have met with the general approval of the public is evidenced by the large patronage we have received. For this patronage and all courtesies and kindnesses I am profoundly grateful. Here I will take occasion to say that the ADVOCATE will be as it has been; strictly Democratic and at no time be abrogated to its editor's wisdom beyond that of our party. No man is greater than his party, and the party is the majority acting. Directed by this faith the ADVOCATE will always be known.

Mr. Trimble enters upon his duties with this date, and we feel are to be congratulated that we are associated with another of intelligence, industry and ability adapted to journalistic work. Determined that the ADVOCATE shall grow in power and influence, shall be read and appreciated for its worth, and that its sphere shall increase until it is known in our entire state. I am very respectfully,

J. W. HEDDEN.

Senator Beck on Silver.

Senator James B. Beck, of Kentucky, in a speech before the United States Senate in January, 1878—see page 258, Congressional Record, January, 1878—said:

"I know that the bondholders and monopolists of this country are seeking to destroy all the industries of the people in their greed to enhance the value of their gold. I know that the act of 1873 did more than all else to accomplish that result, and the demonitization act of the revised Statutes was an illegal and unconstitutional consummation of the fraud. I want to restore that money to where it was before, and thus aid in preventing the consummation of their design."

The people of Montgomery are in earnest in their determination to roll up for the Democratic ticket a big vote in November. Bryan and Sewall will get the biggest vote given in this county. There will be very few men who will go off after the proposed third ticket. So few in fact that it is not worth considering as a factor in the vote cast.

The Bolterators propose to hold a National Convention at Indianapolis, Ind., September 1. The name they have adopted for their organization is the National Democratic party. They claim they will have a representation from thirty-three states.

WHAT DOES THIS MEAN?

GOLD STANDARD DENOUNCED.

Extract From the Campaign Book of the National League of Republican Clubs, "The Principles and Policies of the Republican Party,"

Pages 53 and 54.

"There is grave danger in the unqualified adoption of the gold standard. For, as silver has been taken out of Europe's coinage, the demand for gold has enormously grown, and grown in a proportion much greater than the supply. Measuring both metals by the standard of commodities, it is substantially true to say that gold has appreciated much more than silver has depreciated." In the silver-using countries silver will buy almost as much of everything except gold as it would ten or a dozen years ago, and this fact sustains the demand for 'cheaper money.' The advocates of the gold standard allege that the value of gold is intrinsic, and that a certain quantity of gold bullion having a fixed value should be the standard of exchange. This would be all well enough if any one were able to insure that the supply of gold would continually increase in ratio with the increasing demand for it caused by a growing population and commerce. But, as a matter of fact, it is decreasing in that ratio, and therefore a man who ten years ago contracted a debt which might then have been discharged with a thousand bushels of wheat, must to-day pay more than a thousand bushels to get himself free.

"The meaning of this is clear. The capitalist can increase his wealth by simply converting it into gold, putting it in a vault and holding it idle for a series of years. At the end of ten years it will buy more provisions and more labor than it would when he stored it. As the supply of gold contracts everybody must work harder to get it.

"It is plain that a debtor is entitled to discharge his obligations for a value precisely similar to that he originally obtained. He cannot do this if the money in which his loan is compulsively payable increases between the date of its making and the date of its payment. Measured in gold all obligations have thus increased in a very short period of time. The creditor class enjoys, therefore, a vast advantage over the debtor class. The men who work for a living and who consume their earnings year by year are placed in a most unfair position."—[St. Louis Post-Dispatch.]

Those so-called sound money Democrats who refused to abide by the action of the Chicago Convention will put a little ticket of their own in the field, which will be called the National Democratic ticket, and ask all who believe in old-time Democracy to follow their banner, and repudiate the regular nominee of the Democratic party. These disgruntled and disappointed office-seekers and bondholders may blow and blow until their supply of wind is exhausted and not a vote will they get from the people who believe in old-time Democratic principles and the will of the majority. The Democrats of these United States are for Bryan and Sewall and as sure as the sun sets in the direction of the home of the gifted young nominee Democracy and free-silver will win at the polls in November.

Death of Mrs. Gossett.

Mrs. Fannie Gossett, aged 93, died at the home of her son, ex-Chief Justice W. H. Holt, in Frankfort on last Sunday morning.

Mrs. Gossett was one of that class of noble Christian women that leave the impress of their lives upon the community, not by any noisy demonstrations, but rather by a quiet yet nevertheless, potent force that makes itself felt when least suspected. The grand, pure life she lived opened with the sunrise and closed with the sunset of the century, and many years of it were spent in our little city. Her life was not, by any means, all sunshine. Sorrow came to her, but she bore them with the fidelity of the Christians. Financial reverses came, too, but they could not beat down the brave, if gentle, soul that God had given her. She knew, like the brave Apostle, how "to abound in suffering need;" and whether as widow in straitened circumstances with nothing but her own brave heart and willing hands between her bairns and poverty, or as the mistress of an elegant home, she was the same true Christian always. In nothing did the beauty of her character shine forth more than in her devotion to her children. The joy that brightened her face lent a halo of glory to her aged head as she watched her distin-guis-hed son win success after success, and by force of true worth climb to one of the foremost positions in his State.

Mrs. Gossett was twice married and twice a widow. The first marriage was to Mr. Joseph Holt, and of this marriage two children were born to them, a daughter, afterward Mrs. Carrie Ventresca, who preceded her mother to the other shore by some years, and Judge W. H. Holt, who survives her. Her second marriage was to Mr. Michael Gill.

Some months since Mrs. Gossett had a fall and fractured a hip; since that time she has suffered much. Some weeks ago she was removed from the home of her son in Frankfort, where she ended her life. Mrs. Gossett was a sister to Mr. C. T. Tyler, of this city, and S. W. W. Reed's wife. Mr. T. Tyler is nephews, and Mrs. W. W. Reed's niece.

Her remains were brought yesterday on the 12:35 train, and at 1 o'clock the funeral was preached at the First Presbyterian Church by her son, Rev. A. J. Arrick, after which the remains were interred in Machpelah Cemetery.

Persons wanting glass and china can get it cheaper at W. W. Reed's than at any other house even if they do sell at cost, S-2.

Bargain seekers that have cash can do well by going to W. W. Reed's. ASA BEAN.

W. W. Reed has got the goods and wants to sell them. Don't go even if they do sell at cost. S-2.

Prue Southdown bucks for sale. Dr. W. Miller, Winchester, Ky.

STARTLING

Are These Figures Showing the Free Silver Sentiment in Indiana.

One of the most powerful organizations in this country is the Farmers' Mutual Benefit Association, which has 50,000 members in the State of Indiana alone. In a letter received by The Engineer from W. H. Boyle, First Assistant Secretary of the Indiana branch of the great order, he gives over his own signature some startling facts as to the attitude of the voters on the silver question. He says:

"I am certain from the outlook that Bryan and free silver will carry Indiana by from 50,000 to 75,000 majority, and it would not surprise us to see it go to 100,000. Out of 50,000 farmers belonging to our society I find that they stand as follows: Republicans, 27,521; Democrats, 20,318; Populists, 2,100; Prohibition, 61. On the money question they stand as follows: For silver, Republicans, 27,925; Democrats, 19,777; Populists, 2,100; Prohibitionists, 61. For gold, Republicans, 428; Democrats, 641; Populists, none; Prohibitionists, 31.

Mr. Boyle expressed the belief that many of those now for gold will be won over before November. This is the most remarkable statement yet made in regard to the silver strength, but is voucher for the Secretary of an all-powerful farmer's organization.

\$100 Reward \$100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh, being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

2-4t.

The Work To Begin.

Next Monday County Court-day steps will be taken to form Bryan and Sewall clubs in every precinct in the county. On that day at the Court-house at 2 p.m., the well known orator Hon. Charles J. Bronston, of Lexington, will address the people of the county.

Marvelous!

The results attained right here at home have been marvelous. Hundreds of your neighbors who have used Wright's Celery Capsules say so. They cure Kidney, Liver and Stomach trouble, Rheumatism, Constipation and Sore Headaches. Why pay \$1 every two weeks for a bottle of medicine when you can get treatment at 1 cent a day. Wright's Celery Capsules give 100 days' treatment for \$1.00 backed by a bank, to cure you or refund your money. Sold by W. S. Lloyd Druggist.

43-ft

Griffith's Imported Razors. Guaranteed by J. B. Tipton.

Notice.

The undrawn as assignee of Senator Buggy Co., gives notice to the public that he has this day entered a motion in the Montgomery County Court to be discharged of all liability as assignee of Senator Buggy Co., under and deed of assignment, which notice will be acted upon the 3rd Monday in September, 1896.

R. A. CHILDS.

Assignee Senator Buggy Co. July 25, 1896.

Rooms to Let.

Desirable rooms for rent, cheap.

3-4t MRS. S. W. GALT SKILL.

Music Class.

Mrs. Chas. D. Grubbs desires a class in music, to begin September 1. For further information, terms, etc., apply at her home on Clay street.

2-4t

Persons wanting glass and china

ware can get it cheaper at W. W. Reed's than at any other house even if they do sell at cost. S-2.

For Rent.

Three nice rooms, corner of High and Sycamore streets.

43-1/2 Mrs. MINERVIA WILLIAMS.

Nerves

are the messengers of sense—the Telegraph system of the human body.

Nerves extend from the brain to every part of the body and reach every organ.

Nerves are like fire—good servants but bad masters.

Nerves are fed by the blood and are therefore like it in character.

Nerves will be weak and exhausted if the body is thin, sick and impure.

Nerves will be strong and steady if the blood is thick, red and vigorous.

Nerves find a true friend in Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best family cathartic and liver stimulant.

No. 211 W. NICH STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

will be sold by the BALD HEADS, MT. STERLING, KY., on

THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1896, ONE DAY ONLY, returning every Second Thursday in each month.

Price 25¢. Sold to all forms of defective vision at popular prices.

References—Every physician practicing at Mt. Sterling.

No. 411 W. NICH STREET, CINCINNATI, OHIO.

will be sold by the BALD HEADS, MT. STERLING, KY., on

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Pure Paris Green
and
Cobalt
at
Kennedy's
Drugstore.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. P. P. Bunch is on the sick list.

Mrs. Amanda Tipton is quite sick.

Miss Georgia Sield is teaching at Jeffersonville school.

Miss Pearl Bruton will again teach at Sidewell school.

Miss Nancie Torley is visiting Miss Ida Hardman near Wade's Mill.

Messrs Harry Clifton and Edward Prentiss are in Knoxville on business.

Mrs. S. S. Gatskill, who is quite sick, is reported a little better at this writing.

Mr. Frank Holloran, of Cincinnati, is here visiting his mother's family and friends.

Miss Stella Donaldson of Whucher, is the guest of her sister, Mrs. N. R. Itallif.

Mrs. Elizabeth Thompson is sick at the home of her son-in-law, W. P. Guthrie.

Miss Lizzie Schlegel is visiting the family of her uncle, Lewis Schlegel, in Richmond, Ky.

Mrs. Marshal Matthews returned last Thursday from a visit to relatives in Clark county.

It is announced that M. W. King (Billie) will be married, Sept. 23d to Miss Katherine L. Galvin.

Miss Stella Ogg has returned from a protracted visit to friends in Lexington and Clark county.

Mrs. Salie Hall, one of our oldest citizens expects to go to Mason, Ga., to reside with her daughter.

Roger, youngest child of Dr. R. Q. Drake and wife has been quite sick is very much better.

Miss Alys Burton, returned last week from an extended visit to her sister Mrs. Geo. Hon at Bowens.

Mrs. M. W. Chorow returned from Paris Saturday where she had been visiting her niece, Mrs. O. P. Clay.

Miss Maggie Brown has returned from a very pleasant visit to Mrs. J. H. Dew, of Keene, Jessamine county.

Mr. Geo. Hon and wife, of Bowens Powell county, were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Burton, Mrs. Hon's parent.

Misses Caroline and Della Cassell, of New Port, Ky., are the guests of Miss Salie Berkley and Miss Nannie Orear.

Rev. A. J. Arrick and wife have returned from an extended trip to different sections taken during brother Arrick's vacation.

Mr. I. F. Calk has returned from a trip to Swango Springs. Mr. Calk enjoyed his trip, though he cannot say he found much benefit from it.

Mrs. A. M. Arnold who submitted to a surgical operation a week ago is improving and indications are that she will be permanently cured.

Mr. Clarence Thomas, of Lexington, who has been visiting his father's family in the county for the past three weeks returned home yesterday.

Dr. L. A. Landman, Optician, Cincinnati, will be at Mrs. J. H. Oldham's boarding house, West Main st. Thursday of this week. One day only.

W. H. Reid, of Antlers, Colorado, is here on a visit to his father's family.

Mrs. Reid is in New York and will join her husband here in a couple of weeks.

Mr. Col. Thos. Johnson and daughters are camping at Holley Woods Spring and have as their guests Misses Bessie and May Hutton, of Cincinnati.

Miss Olivia Anderson, returned Saturday from an extended visit to friends and relatives in Missouri. Misses Mary Stuart and Nellie Anderson of Independence accompanied her home.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had consumption and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life.

Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St., San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching consumption, tried without result everything else than tried one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful.

It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in coughs and colds. Free trial bottles at W. S. Lloyd's druggist. Regular size 50c and 81c.

Office—TRADESMEN'S DEPOSIT BANK BUILDING.

MT. STERLING, KY.

**Lightning Hot Drops—
What a Funny Name!
Very True, but it Kills All Pain.
Sold Everywhere. Every Day—
Without Relief, There is No Pain.**

Wanted—An Idea
Who can think of something to do
with your old furniture?
Furniture REDEEMER & CO., Patents Atter-
bury, Washington, D. C. for their \$1.00
per cubic foot value.

Fires in
Kentucky
in
JULY.

Henderson, Ky. lost \$25,000
Paris, Ky. lost 28,000
Maysville, Ky. lost 15,000
Harrodsburg, Ky. lost 30,000
Lawrenceburg, Ky. lost 15,000

Your building may be the next. Don't delay, but go to A. HOFFMAN, the old insurance agent in Eastern Kentucky, representing 17 of the largest Fire Companies in the United States. He guarantees his rates, and if you have a loss it will be settled promptly and pleasantly.

Office—TRADESMEN'S DEPOSIT BANK BUILDING.

MT. STERLING, KY.

Crape tissue paper at J. B. Tipton's
DENTON,
GUTHRIE & CO.,
MT. STERLING, KY.

Just out
of reach.

Not so of our Summer Coats. Our prices are low enough for you to reach. All kinds. A neat, serviceable coat as low as 50¢.

DENTON,
GUTHRIE & CO.,
MT. STERLING, KY.

Bracken Association at Mt. Pisgah Church.

On last Wednesday the Bracken Association of Baptists, of which Mt. Pisgah church is a member met with the Mt. Pisgah church, Fleming county. There are twenty-six churches in the association and each of them were represented by letters or messengers except three and they are very weak churches without pastors. The contribution to Mission causes were in excess of last year by forty dollars and the contribution to State work was about three times that of last year. This was the almighty ninth session of the Bracken Association and never at any time was there a more interesting and enthusiastic meeting.

The association was highly entertained by the members of Mt. Pisgah church and the citizens in the surrounding country. The officers elected for the ensuing year were R. B. Yancey May's Lick Moderator; J. W. Head Clerk, and W. H. Fritt, Carlsile, Treasurer.

The introductory sermon was preached by Rev. Everett Gill, and the Missionary sermon was preached by Rev. W. E. Mitchell of Carlisle. These sermons were most excellent and instructive and every one was very highly elated. Mt. Sterling was represented by Rev. Everett Gill, and wife, Mrs. Elizabeth Donaghue, Rev. Mr. Joseph Davis, Mrs. K. William Harry William, John Long, R. A. Thompson, W. R. Nunucleay and W. H. Heddin. The association will meet on Wednesday following the first Sunday in August 1897 with the Lewisburg church at which time the one hundredth anniversary of the association will be celebrated.

Quarterly Meeting.

The Fourth and last Quarterly Meeting for this Conference year will be held at M. E. Church, South, on Saturday and Sunday, August 22 and 23. Presiding Elder, Rev. J. Rand will pay his official visit to this charge since limitation of the law of the Church requires the appointment of another man to the Presiding Eldership. Let me assure all members of the church and other friends that I am a visitor to Bracken Raud, who has been preaching here from time to time as Presiding Elder and pastor for over forty years.

Regina Orme, eldest child and only daughter of Dr. G. N. Cox and wife, is very low with blood poison, as the result of a rusty nail which she stuck in her heel about ten days ago. The little sufferer is some better at tide writing and the physicians in charge have some hope of her recovery.

Feed the Nerves

Upon pure, rich blood and you need not fear nervous prostration. Nerves are strengthened by the pure, nutritious, pure blood of their proper food. Pure blood comes by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which is thus the greatest and best nerve tonic. It also builds up the whole system.

Hood's Pills are the favorite family catarrhatic, easy to take, easy to operate.

Teachers' Institute.

The Montgomery County Teachers' Institute will convene at the Public School building in this city Aug. 24, 1896. All teachers holding certificates are earnestly requested to attend. All persons interested in the cause of education are cordially invited.

I. N. HORTON
(Sentinel-Democrat please copy.)



No Grippe

When you take Hood's Pills. The big old-fashioned, sugar-coated pills, which bear you all to pieces are not in it with Hood's. Easy to take

Hood's
Pills

and easy to operate. Is true of Hood's Pills, which are up to date in every respect.

Safe, certain and sure. All druggists, etc. C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

The only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Grassy Lick.

Miss Besse Bybee, of Mt. Sterling, is visiting the family of M. B. Hadden.

J. W. Morris bought of John Allen 150 head of sheep at \$2.55 per hundred. Average 04 pounds.

Mrs. R. A. Mason and Miss Nannie Donovan, of Escalda, are visiting relatives in this neighborhood.

W. B. Green & Co. shipped last week a car load of cattle to Cincinnati and report satisfactory sales.

T. C. Graves, lost last week by lightning 10 head of sheep, also Robert King a valuable family horse.

Mrs. Edna and Bernice Dooley of Bloomington, Ill., were visiting relatives in this neighborhood last week.

Mr. Sam. Stofer and Mrs. Emma McClure, both of Lexington, were visiting the family of A. W. Stofer last Sunday.

Mr. C. Howell attended the Cincinnati tobacco market last week and reports dull market. All tobacco put up in summer order is badly out of order on account of so much wet weather.

Rev. J. Rand, of Lexington, held his last quarterly meeting for this conference year at Grassy Lick on last Saturday and Sunday. Good congregation always greets Bro. Rand at this place.

The tobacco meeting that was held at Grassy Lick last week was well attended by the farmers. W. E. Dean was appointed chairman and W. H. Ramsey secretary. A committee was appointed and resolutions offered and adopted: That as the price of tobacco had gotten below production, and with a large surplus of old tobacco still on hand, with the markets and manufacturers all crowded and one of the largest and best crops ever grown in Kentucky now ready to be harvested, resolved that every tobacco grower would do all in his power to stop the production of said crop for the year 1897. A committee was appointed to meet other committees from the county in Mt. Sterling next County Court day at 1 o'clock p. m., to send delegates to Louisville to the State Convention called to meet August 25, 1896.

Donaldson.

Mrs Peter Amyx has fever.

A child of Wm. Veach is sick with flux.

Mr. McCain, who recently lost two children with flux, has another sick with the same disease.

Mrs. Belle Kindred, wife of Owen Kindred, and daughter of Robert Wade, died, on Wednesday, Aug. 5th, of flux, and was buried on Thursday, at Wade's burying ground. Funeral services were conducted by Rev. Savage. She left one child about four years old.

Attention Taxpayers!

Notice is hereby given that the Assessor's Lists for the year 1896, of School District, No. 1, have been returned, and the Board of Trustees of Mt. Sterling Public Graded Schools will sit as a Board of Supervisors at the storehouse of Chiles-Thompson Grocery Co. from the 17th to the 27th of August, 1896, inclusive (Sunday excepted) from between the hours of 9 o'clock, A. M. and 3 o'clock, P. M.

H. R. FRENCH, Secretary.

2-2t

Horses Wanted.

Mr. J. W. Patterson, of the firm of Jewell & Patterson, Wilmore, Ky., will be at Lockridge & Foster's stable next Monday (County Court Day) to buy a lot of good, sound horses—riders or drivers. The horses must be sound. No others will be looked at.

W. H. Reed has got the goods and wants to sell them. Don't go by his house.

3-2t

W. A. Sutton

has just received the nicest line of CARPETS AND MATTINGS ever brought to this city. The brand of carpets always tells what they are. Ask about ROCKBURY TAPESTRY BRUSSELS. I do not try to meet prices on cheap goods as I do not keep them, but am glad to meet prices on standard goods. Also fancy line of ROCKERS, FURNITURE



and something new in WINDOW SHADES. Call and see me and I shall certainly interest you. All goods guaranteed as represented.

We will handle wheels of the best makes. Wheels on exhibition at my store.

UNDERTAKING A SPECIALTY.

GEORGE W. BAIRD,

Receiver

INDIAN CREEK COAL and LUMBER CO.,

is now placing large orders for this celebrated coal. It is undoubtedly the best in the market. Now is the time to buy. Everybody should lay in their winter supply.

ROUGH LUMBER.

The mills of this company are running at their full capacity and inducements are being offered.

When in need of coal or lumber address or call on

GEORGE W. BAIRD, Receiver.
Office on R. R. foot Sycamore St.

WANTED!

We are always paying the highest cash price for GINSENG AND GOLDEN SEAL. You save all commissions and freight charges by shipping your goods direct to us. We guarantee true and just weight, and reutit cash same day goods are received.

Cut this out and save it, as you may need it later.

Reference: National Bank of Commerce, or any wholesale druggist in our city. Established 1870.

HENRY J. LINNEMAN.

320 North Main St. ST. LOUIS, MO.

 BEFORE AND AFTER USING

RESTORED MANHOOD DR. MOTTS NEVERLY PILLS

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of men. It cures Impotency, Impotence, Nightly Erections, Vaginal Errors, and all diseases of the male organ. It cures Consumption and Insanity. With every \$5 order we give a written guarantee for \$5.00. DR. MOTTS CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by THOS. KENNEDY.

\$100
BICYCLES
\$50.00.

We have three strictly high-grade wheels that we offer considerably under cost to close out. Our guarantee goes with them.

Chiles-Thompson Grocery Co.

MT. STERLING, KY.

 JAPANESE
PILE CURE

Will cure all kinds of Piles. Why suffer with this terrible disease? We give written guarantees with \$1.00 bonus, to refund the money if not cured. Mailed to any address free of charge. The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILE CURE ever made.

For sale by W. S. LLOYD.

 DR. MOTTS PENNYROYAL PILLS

The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILE CURE ever made. Especially recommended to married Ladies. For sale by DR. MOTTS PENNYROYAL PILLS, Price \$1.00 per box. 6 boxes \$6.00. DR. MOTTS CHEMICAL CO., - CLEVELAND, OHIO.

For sale by THOS. KENNEDY.

NERV
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Cures
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M'CREEARY, The Kentucky Statesman. Will Take the Stump For Bryan and Sewall—He Declares the Silver Ticket a Sure Winner.

Ex-Gov. James B. M'Creeary has been misquoted by the Boltors as being one of them. The Governor was interviewed, Wednesday, while stopping over for a day in Cincinnati, by an Enquirer reporter. He says: "I thought I had been explicit enough already, but if you will kindly take down while I dictate I will give you my exact position. It is this: I made 53 speeches in the campaign last fall, in which I stated that I was a bimetallist, in favor of mon silver, but thought it best to wait for an international agreement." I said, however, that I was not bigger nor wiser than my party, and whatever it did in its next National Convention I should abide by and support. Now the Chicago Convention was regularly called by the National Democratic Committee and regularly held. The delegates were commissioned by members of our party to give expression to the will and wishes of the Democrats of the country. While the platform, in several particulars, is not acceptable to me, it was adopted by a regularly constitutional Democratic Convention, and the ticket was nominated according to the usages of our party.

"I believe that the will of a majority in convention assembled thus expressed should determine the principles and policy of our party, according to the time-honored rule. Bryan and Sewall, the candidates nominated, and the platform adopted at Chicago by Democrats much more nearly express my view on public questions than the candidates nominated and the platform adopted by the Republicans. Democracy embraces all the great principles written by Thomas Jefferson when the Democratic party was organized, and Democracy means more than the money question."

"I cannot now, even if I am not entirely satisfied, leave the Democratic party which I have loved and worked for all my life, and which has honored me by repeated elections for 20 years. I believe I can do more good for my country and the Democratic party by remaining within its ranks, participating in its counsels and upholding its banner than I can on the outside, and I shall remain in line and support Bryan and Sewall. I served four years with Mr. Bryan in Congress, sat near him and had excellent opportunities of knowing him well. He is scholarly, honest, eloquent and enthusiastic. I regarded him as one of the purest and most reliable men in Congress, and I am sure that if elected President, although he is younger and has had less experience than previous Presidents, that he will appreciate the responsibilities of the great office to which I believe he will be elected, and that he will be equal to the situation and do his best to give the country a patriotic and statesmanlike administration.

"You have been friendly to silver, have you not, Governor?"

"Yes, always. I voted for the Bland Seigniorage bill, and then voted to pass it over the President's veto. I voted against the bill authorizing the unlimited issue of gold bonds. That is giving too much power to any Administration at any time. I think we ought to have more good money in this country—a larger per capita. I resolved a few days since a letter from one of the Belgian Senators with whom I served in the international monetary conference at Brussels in which he says the agitation of the silver question and the action of the Chicago Convention have given bimetallism a great and rapid impetus all over Europe and he believes there will be an agreement among the nations. England blocked the way to an agreement at Brussels."

"How is it at Washington?"

"The Democratic National Congressional Committee rooms were livelier than I have ever seen them this early in the campaign. Mr. Lawrence Gardner, the Secretary of the committee, told me he was sure that we would carry New York state."

"Is Mr. Pryor Force, the gold candidate for the congressional nomination in your district, coming off the track a few days, as is rumored?"

"His brother, Mr. Marshall Force, who holds an office in Washington, told me that Pryor would run the race out."

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ver candidate, is nominated will you support him?"

"Yes."

"Will you take the stump for Bryan and Sewall and the party in this campaign?"

"Yes; I shall commence making speeches in September."

"Will Kentucky go for Bryan and Sewall?"

"Oh yes; it is a Democratic state. The 16,000 Populists who voted against us when Bradley was elected by 8,000, will be with us to a man."

Governor McCreary said that the impression in the National Capital was that the Republican manufacturers and gold men were preparing to mass vast sums of money on several of the doubtful states, and would attempt to literally buy up whole Commonwealths and swamp the silver people. The regard this as a last resort, and a good investment, and will make a last supreme effort. They have abandoned the idea of a "campaign of education."

Discouraging French Census

Enough is already known of the results of the French census taken last March to render it certain that population of France during the past five years has remained practically stationary. The country towns are being slowly but surely depopulated, while the great cities, with the exception of Marseilles, are showing less vitality in growth than ever before since the Napoleonic wars. Paris has gained since 1891 only 63,994 inhabitants, while half a century ago it gained every five years an average of 170,000. The French seacoast cities and towns, save one or two which the government makes the base for its colonial operations, are evidently declining with the country at large.

No more alarming fact could be brought to the attention of the statesmen and economists of a nation like France. Germany, according to the recent census, is growing rapidly and on the basis of population is now more of a match in war for the French people than when Von Molke led the legions across the frontier in 1870. For some years the French government has been acquainted with the growing sterility of the people and has taken measures to stimulate the birth rate, but the struggle seems beyond the power of any government to cope with.

Laws offering prizes for large families born in lawful wedlock can hardly counteract deep economic and moral forces which evidently are set strongly against the future power and greatness of the French people. The Latin races have had their period of Supremacy in the civilized world; Spain's vast empire is all but gone and Cuba trembles in the balance; Italy, in a petty African campaign, shows little vitality of a conquering nature; and France, since she lost her colonial empire in America and India and failed under the dazzling genius of Napoleon to extend her sway over Europe and bring England finally to her knees, has been like a slowly setting sun.

Although France is making a desperate effort to build up anew a greater France beyond the seas, in order to retain her place as a great power of the future, the chances seem against her with a declining population.

The elephant's howdah is that bed of Procrustes, in which one can neither sit nor stand with any approach to reasonable case, and in which a recumbent attitude is impossible, says Blackwood's Magazine. Its advantages are: First, that standing in it a man can shoot on every side of him; second, that it is convenient for the carriage of the occupant's paraphernalia—his gun on racks on either side of him, his ammunition in a trough in front, his other requisites in leather pockets here and there on the sides of the machine and his bed blanket on the seat, and third, it is in a hinder compartment an attendance on call to hold the various articles over his head, or when quick loading is required take from his hand gun just fired and recharge it. These are the advantages; otherwise the howdah is an abomination.

Olympic Festival Fixed by the Moon.

The time for the Olympic festival, like the Christian Easter, was dependent upon the moon. In accordance with an ancient tradition, the festival was held when the moon was full, and the games of the new moon began the Hellenic, or sacred month, during which a sacred truce prevailed. Hostilities were suspended, and no armed soldier could enter the territory of his foes, unless he could be made upon a pilgrim under penalty of a heavy fine and excommunication from the necessities!"—Cincinna Enquirer.

"A lofty mind always thinks nobly. It easily creates vivid, agreeable and natural fancies and places them in their best light, clothes them with all appropriate adornments, studies others' tastes and clears away from its own thoughts all that is useless and disagreeable.—Rohofson.

Professor Allan Marquand in Century.

transparent from the inside, but a Looker-on Glass outside.

A transparent mirror was brought from Germany to this country recently by a New York firm, and the perplexing properties of the glass excited much curiosity. It was at once in demand for many purposes, and the same firm is now engaged in importing it in large quantities.

It is still a novelty, and some screens made of this glass have been recently placed on sale at one of the local stores. They are probably the first to be viewed in this city.

The coating is placed on one side of the glass just the same as the silverying on a mirror and has the same proportion of reflecting the rays of light and color.

The Wabash, the Illinois, and the Jessie Wilson, an Ohio river boat.

"It was in 1855 that I made my first trip down the Wabash on a keelboat," said the captain. "I was only 14 then and was cook of the boat.

In those days we used to float keelboats and flatboats down the river and pull them back. A crew generally consisted of 12 men, and the cook and captain, as well as the others, had to do a good deal of pulling sometimes.

A stake was driven in the ground on the shore above the boat, if there was no tree near, and we pulled ourselves up to it with ropes. Before my day my father-in-law owned 12 keelboats that ran from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, and took 10 months to make a round trip. I worked on the old Wabash, the Little Wabash and the White river. Sometimes we used oars in pulling up stream. Nor was it such an easy matter to go down stream. There were mills, for example, on the Little Wabash at Carmi and New Haven. If the water was very high, we jumped them without unloading, but the rule was to unload, carry the freight below the dam and jump the dam with the empty boat and then reload. There were no railroads in those days, and the farmers of Illinois and Indiana had no other way of marketing their produce. Many of them built boats and floated them to New Orleans loaded with grain, cattle, hogs and vegetables.

Bear meat, too, was plentiful in those days. I remember one flatboat that was loaded with 90 tons of freight, and just about half of the cargo load consisted of venison hams."

Captain Beardon met Lincoln, Clay and other prominent men before the war, some of them frequently. "In the hard cider campaign of 1840 Lincoln came down to our country on horseback," said the captain. "He was a candidate for elector on the Whig ticket and traveled with a man named Lambard. I heard him speak at Shawneetown, New Haven and Carmi. The meetings were held in log cabins, and the hard cider and the coon were always there. Douglas I saw several times in the fifties. Clay was a frequent visitor at Shawneetown, and I saw him there also and at Louisville. Clay I first met in Louisville. He had a cotton plantation down there and occasionally visited it. One of the trials the boat he was on the Andrew Jackson, stopped at Shawneetown, and the whole town went aboard to greet the popular statesman. Sam Marshall made a speech on behalf of the Shawneetowners, and Clay responded in a manner that made him still more popular in that part of the country. When the time for separation came, he shook hands with a good many and kissed some of the girls. Nearly all the old ladies of Shawneetown today will tell you that Henry Clay kissed them at that reception half a century ago."

John A. Logan married in Shawneetown. "John did most of his courting at my house," said Captain Beardon. "Miss Cunningham lived over us and was generally there when Logan came down from Benton, where he was reading law, to see him. Bob Ingoldsby came four years later, from reading law. In those days Bob had the most remarkable memory I ever knew. After reading an article in a newspaper he could repeat it almost word for word."—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Shooting From an Elephant.

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Its advantages are: First, that standing in it a man can shoot on every side of him; second, that it is convenient for the carriage of the occupant's paraphernalia—his gun on racks on either side of him, his ammunition in a trough in front, his other requisites in leather pockets here and there on the sides of the machine and his bed blanket on the seat, and third, it is in a hinder compartment an attendance on call to hold the various articles over his head, or when quick loading is required take from his hand gun just fired and recharge it. These are the advantages; otherwise the howdah is an abomination.

Dangerous.

A contributor to the "Transactions of the Devonshire Association" says that when he came to a certain place as visitor, he asked whether there were any sites to be visited.

"Oh, no, sir!" was the answer. "We don't have any in Barnborrough. There is an old man there, sure, over 90 who has taken lately to his bed, but there hasn't much to do with him that I know of."

"I thought to myself," added the visitor, "of the story of the Scotchman who said his horse was dead."

"Ye po'r a' var a long face, doctor. D'y'e think I'm dangerously ill?"

"Na, na," was the reply. "I don't think ye're dangerously ill, but I think ye're dangerously old."

"How is it at Washington?"

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"If Col. John P. Thompson, the el-

Mt. Sterling Advocate, Tuesday, August 12, 1896.

A WINDOW MIRROR.

Captain Beardon's Experience Extends Over More Than Half a Century.

Captain J. E. Beardon of Shawneetown, Illinois, is a native of that place.

"It was in 1855 that I made my first trip down the Wabash on a keelboat," said the captain. "I was only 14 then and was cook of the boat.

In those days we used to float keelboats and flatboats down the river and pull them back. A crew generally consisted of 12 men, and the cook and captain, as well as the others, had to do a good deal of pulling sometimes.

A stake was driven in the ground on the shore above the boat, if there was no tree near, and we pulled ourselves up to it with ropes. Before my day my father-in-law owned 12 keelboats that ran from Pittsburgh to New Orleans, and took 10 months to make a round trip.

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Dissolve one part by weight of silver nitrate in ten parts by weight of water and label No. 1. Prepare another 10 per cent solution of silver nitrate, but in larger quantity. The water is introduced with difficulty into the glass.

Dissolve one part by weight of silver nitrate in ten parts by weight of water and label No. 2. Now add No. 1 to solution No. 2 until the odor of ammonia is no longer recognizable and the liquid has again become very turbid. Now add 100 parts by weight of distilled water for every part of silver nitrate originally used in solution No. 2 and filter until clear. Label this No. 3. Prepare a reducing solution by dissolving 10 parts by weight of Rochelle salt in 100 parts by weight of distilled water, boil and to the boiling solution add gradually a solution of three parts of silver nitrate in ten parts by weight of distilled water and filter when cool and label No. 4. Clean the glass to be coated thoroughly, lay it on a perfectly level surface in a room at a temperature of about 25 degrees C. (77 degrees F.).

Mix equal parts of No. 3 (the precipitating fluid) and No. 4 (the reducing fluid) and pour over the glass. The glass may, if preferred, be dipped into the solution. The time required for the deposition of the layer of silver of just the correct thickness has to be determined by the judgment of the operator in each case, and this may be aided somewhat by observing a piece of white paper below the glass.

When a layer of silver has been made, and much less is required off the silvery liquid and thorough with the distilled water and stand the mirror on edge to dry, coat the silvered side with a solution of colorless shellac in alcohol and finally frame the mirror with a hocking of clear glass to protect the mirror surface from being scratched.—Philadelphia Record.

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Heart Disease Kills

Suddenly, but never without warning symptoms, such as Faints, Weak or Hungry Spells, Irregular or Intermittent Pulse, Fluttering or Palpitation of the Heart, Choking Sensation, Shortness of Breath, Swelling of Feet and Ankles, etc.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure,
Cures Heart Disease.



Mr. Geo. L. Smith, of the Geo. L. Smith Manufacturing Co., Louisville, Ky., writes Feb. 26, 1894: "For about a year I was a terrible sufferer from heart trouble, which got so bad I was obliged to sit up in bed to get my breath. I could hardly sit up, and when I did I could hardly crawl around. My friend, Mr. Julius C. Vorch, one of our leading pharmacists, asked me to try Dr. Miles' Heart Cure. I had no faith in it at first, but when the pain ceased and palpitation entirely disappeared, I have not had the slightest trouble since, and today I am attending to business regularly as ever."

Sold by druggists everywhere. Book on Heart and Nerves sent free. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Remedies Restore Health

Foreign Notes

All new German war ships are to be provided with arrangements for burning maastricht, or brown coal. The German brown coal mines are getting ready to meet the increased demand.

British rifles fetch from 300 to 400 rupees on the Indian frontier, while the fine for the soldier who loses his rifle is 100 rupees. The trade in rifles is, consequently, brisk across the border, while the reputation of the native thieves for ingenuity is kept high.

Mari Alaeocou, whose supernatural experiences gave rise to the order of the Sacred Heart, having now been dead over 200 years, is a candidate for canonization. Cardinal Peraud has taken to Rome a petition signed by 270 Cardinals, Archbishops and Bishops begging the Pope to hasten on the necessary procedures.

Shakespeare's identity with Bacon has been finally established (?) by George Cantor, of the University of Halle. He has found a Latin poem on the death of "the incomparable Francis of Verulam," written by a friend of Ben Jonson's. In one line Bacon is called Quirinus, which means spear wielder, which, of course, is Shakespeare, Q. E. D.

Baron Hirzeli's personal estate has been declared to belong to his widow as residuary legatee by the courts of Brunn: it amounts to 148,355,624 francs. Beside this there is the landed property and the million left to the adopted daughter and another million to charities, which were deposited in court. There is a debt of 5,000,000 francs from a secret debtor due to the estate. The Government taxes are secured by the three estates in Austria.

Among the vagrants caught on the recent raids on the Bois de Boulogne was a man who proved he had an income of 6,000 francs a year. He declared he had not slept under a roof in ten years, and that he could not breathe behind a shut door. He spent his days in the National Library, went to the theatre in the evening, then turned into the Bois or under a bridge to sleep. He kept a trunk with clothes at a railroad station and went into the washroom there to change whenever he thought it necessary. The police say that he spends a great deal of money in charity. They had to release him.

Daughters of girls do not often commit suicide in England. Lady Mary Bligh, a 28-year-old daughter of the Earl of Darwelling and sister of the Hon. Ivo Bligh, a famous Oxford cricket captain, walked down to a pond on her father's estate, Cobham Hall, in Kent, took off her clothes except a combination garment, folded them neatly, then jumped into the water and drowned herself. The Coronor told the jury that he "thought they would agree" that no lady in a state of sanity would drown herself of her clothing in the manner described. The evidence was that she had had bad headaches for some time previous and there are rumors of an unhappy love affair. She is described as being tall and very handsome.

Consumption Can Be Cured
by the use of Shiloh's Cure. This great Cough Cure is the only known remedy for that terrible disease.

MEXICO UNDER SILVER

A N. Y. World Reader in Mexico Declares "Debased Money" is

Not So Bad After All:

SOME VERY INTERESTING COMPARISONS.

Predicts the United States Will Follow Mexico and Adopt Her Monetary Ideas.

American Goods Cost Double.

The Silver Standard Acts As a Protective Tariff of Nearly 100 Per Cent.

AGAINST ALL KINDS OF IMPORTS

case, after paying dividends of a like amount, are now seeking to invest the bulk of this enormous capital in Mexico.

COST OF LIVING.

Does the New York World call this a picture of misery and despair?

Now, as to the prices of living, rent, etc., under the silver standard. A first-class hotel room can be had at the Jardin, Turbide, or Guardial, three of the leading hotels in the city, at \$1.50 per day and meals and meals at their respective restaurants at \$1.50 per day, or \$1 per day by the month. Cabs, of which there are three classes, the first, blue sign, \$1 per hour; the second red, at seventy-five cents per hour, and the yellow, at fifty cents per hour, and everybody here who has got more sense than money takes a yellow bird and pays fifty cents per hour as per tariff rates, conspicuously posted in every cab.

Sugar, flour, corn, milk, eggs, meat, coffee and all similar articles produced in Mexico cost about the same as in New York, dollar for dollar. Sugar for instance costs eight cents a pound. On canned goods and all staples imported from the States and other gold standard countries, if the people here prefer them to home products, of course they have to pay the freight, and gold premium.

HOW POOR FOLKS LIVE.

In answer to another question The World says that it costs the Mexican laborer in the States. His wages on an average are lower, but I will prove to you that it costs him less and that he lives better.

The bread in Mexico is the "tortilla" made of corn. For 1 cent the laborer can get three fine hot tortillas the size of a big American pancake, enough for a meal. This tortilla is no means to be found on the table of the poor alone, but the rich and powerful Diaz have them served regularly. The beans come next. The good, wholesome, nutritious, brown "frijoles" cooked in any style, the laborer can get all he can eat for 2 cents. This is the potato of Mexico, and everybody eats them, including foreigners, and they wind up the meal at every hotel and restaurant in the city. For 3 cents the laborer gets enough meat to humorously your relentless taste to trust and monopolies and your exposure of crime, and that you are wavering on the great question of the day, eager to get at and impart the truth to everyone reader, but that your great influence will be swung into line before the close of the campaign in support of the Democratic nominee and platform is here pre-

dicted.

MEXICAN DOLLAR AT HOME AND ABROAD.

True, Mexico is to-day on a free silver basis, but instead of misery and depression she presents to the world a condition of conspicuous prosperity unprecedented in her history.

Her silver dollar is worth but 53 cents in gold standard countries, but that same dollar is worth 100 cents at home and buys as much of the native produce of gold as it can hold. What has been the effect of the gold standard countries treating Mexico's dollar as bullion and refusing to receive it except at bullion value? (Fifty-three cents) to-day? It has increased her exports and decreased her imports. It has placed her on a basis of industrial independence. It has resulted in an influx of foreign capital to develop her immense interior resources. It caused manufacturing, mercantile and other industrial enterprises to spring up all over the country, which have given employment to thousands of hitherto idle workmen and afforded them an opportunity to raise themselves from the level of a common Mexican peon and make mechanics, machinists, engineers and skilled artisans out of themselves, and it has afforded Mexico an opportunity to produce on her own soil such articles as these as gold standard countries refuse to sell her, except at an enormous premium of \$5 to 100 per cent, and she is silently taking advantage of it.

Has Mexico been clamoring for a recognition of international metal ratio with other countries? No. She quietly goes on in her march of progress and sells these gold standard countries more of her products than ever and buys less of theirs, and all this on a silver basis. Her mines are being opened. Smelters and mills are being erected to market her lead, iron, copper, silver and gold and her already great railroad system is being expanded to connect the Atlantic to the Pacific. Even wealth and abroad American corporations as the great "Calumet and Hecla" Mining Company, with their forty-five millions controlled by an English syndi-

INDIGNANT**AT AN AUDACIOUS LETTER**

An Indiana Man Replies to the Appeal of an Eastern Insurance Man.

Muncie, Ind., Aug. 4.—Adolph C. Silverburg, of the legal firm of Gregory & Silverburg, is one of the many policy holders of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company in this city, who have received circular letters from Jacob L. Greene, of Hartford, Conn., President of the company, urging them to vote for McKinley and against Bryan and free silver.

Mr. Silverburg is a life-long Democrat, and thoroughly imbued with the cause of free silver, at the ratio of 16 to 1. He was so enraged at the audacious Mr. Greene that he immediately sat down and penned him the following red-hot letter:

A PEPPERY REPLY.

"DEAR SIR: I am just in receipt of your extraordinary and exceedingly impudent circular of July 14, 1896, addressed to the Policy Holders of the Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company, and believe that for audacity and unlimited assurance it exceeds anything that has occurred in my limited experience.

"You say, in the circular, that you have asked me to protect the integrity and welfare of my family after I am dead, by putting into your hands certain sums of money from my annual earnings or other incomes, etc. You will permit me to say that you have never asked me to do anything of the kind. As a matter of fact, you came to me, by your agent, repeatedly, and tried, like any other merchant, to sell some insurance for a stipulated sum in the currency of the country—this country—not the currency of Great Britain—and I bought a small policy, only \$1,000, just as I might have sought some other kind of merchandise, and I paid for it.

A BUSINESS PROPOSITION.

"I know that the members of my family are too patriotic to want the policy paid in anything other than the currency of the country of which we are citizens. I went into your company as a business matter, and you have taken my money with the same purpose. You may be a very excellent insurance man—such from the amount of salary which you are said to receive I judge you are—but you are either an unpatriotic American, a poor politician or a very ignorant man. I hold several policies in a small concern of New York City—the Equitable Life Insurance Society—and it has never seen fit to advise me that I must be careful to vote one way or the other in order to make its contracts with me good. I understand the terms of your policy fairly well and only ask that you perform your part of it. With my vote or my political convictions you have absolutely nothing to do."

Instinct Not Always Faultless.

Many persons still believe that the instinct of animals preserves them from certain accidents, and that they never eat anything that is injurious to them. Well instructed persons have long known that in this regard animals are no better off than men. A chicken does not hesitate to drink paint; a crow partakes of feathers which bags containing nitrate of soda have been washed; ducks strangle and choke in swallowing snails.

M. Giraud, veterinarian at Barnewitz, now notes a fact that merits the attention of poultry farmers. He has observed numerous cases of poisoning in ducks following their feeding on caterpillars, especially those of the cabbage moth; these caterpillars are given to the fowls in mass or have been found on the cabbage leaves furnished them for food. After as long as twenty hours, according to the number of caterpillars eaten, poisoning manifests itself by loss of appetite, great weakness, tottering steps, accompanied sometimes by symptomatic movements, finally a difficulty of breathing and often death, after an agony of variable duration, during which the beak and claws grow pale. The lesions disclosed by an autopsy consist chiefly in an infiltration of the digestive passages. The disease is not always fatal—Cosmos.

Are You Going?

It has just been officially announced that the North Atlantic Squadron, consisting of the big battleship, New York, Columbus, Maine, Indiana, Texas, Idaho, Cincinnati and Monitors and torpedo boats will meet in Hampton Roads at Old Point Comfort on August 10, for a rendezvous of sometime. This will probably be the most noted gathering of warships under the American flag for some time.

A grand time is always looked for at these meetings. The ship's crews race with each other; rival hand contests, Marine drills, etc., to say nothing of the large complement of naval officers to add to the magnificence of the ballroom.

The new "Chamberlain" hotel at Old Point has announced that it will make a \$2.50 per day rate to excursionists on the Chesapeake and Ohio special August 11.

Send in your name for sleeping car space when you read this.

—GEO. W. BAILEY, D. P. A., Lexington, Ky.

Pills do not Cure.

Pills do not cure Consumption. They only aggravate. Karl's Clover Root Tea gives perfect regularity to the bowels. For sale by Thomas Kennedy.

Grubbs & Hazelrigg**Remnants of Dress Goods.**

Nothing wrong with them. The last few yards of the piece cost us just as much as the rest of the roll, and a little more, when they litter the stock. Get back to us for the child's Fall School dress. Why not look ahead a bit and by so doing save a dollar.

Broken Lots and Ends of Silk

Good waist lengths among them. Some at short half price regular prices. They'll move quick when the news gets out.

Good Bye to Wash Goods.

The left-overs from the output of the season are going to be turned into money at short notice. The prices are absurd, but we don't want to winter them.

—All summer goods at cut prices now.

Grubbs & Hazelrigg.

IT TICKLES YOU
THE INSTANT RELIEF YOU GET FROM
LIGHTNING HOT DROPS.
CURES Colic, Cramps, Diarrhea, Flux, Cholera Morbus, Nausea, Changes of Water, etc.
HEALS Skin Diseases, Ulcers, Bites of Animals, Serpents, Bugs, etc.
BREAKS UP Catarrh, La Grippe, Influene, Bad Cold, La Grippe, Influene,
SMELLS GOOD, TASTES GOOD, DOES GOOD—EVERY TIME.
Solo Everywhere in 25c and 50c Per Bottle. No Relief, No Pay.
HERB MEDICINE CO.
SPRINGFIELD, O.

A Fall in Silver

has made silverware correspondingly less in price, and you can get to-day articles made of that metal at figures which would have astonished your parents. The passing of the Holidays, too, has something to do with the decreased price and there is no better time than now to avail yourself of bargains.

J. W.

JONES, Agent, Mt. Sterling, Ky.

S. P. CARR & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS OF LEAF TOBACCO.

Richmond, - - - Virginia.

WHO DOUBLES HIS CROP"
of Tobacco, Corn, Wheat?
The man who uses ANIMAL BONE FERTILIZERS.
Made by NOLTE & DOLCH FERTILIZER CO.,
ST. LOUIS, MISSOURI.

DR. RUST'S COTTON ROOT AND PIGEON PENNYROYAL PILLS Original Genus Pennyroyal Female Oil, all dried roots and blossoms. For Sale by W. S. LLOYD.

Attention, School Trustees.

For sale, cheap, a number of school desks nearly new. If sold at once these desks will be disposed of so cheap it will be like giving them away.

C. W. HARRIS,

Are You Made?
Miserable by Indigestion, constipation, diarrhea, dizziness, loss of appetite, yellow skin? Shiloh's Vitalizes is a positive cure.

TABLER'S BUCK EYE OINTMENT CURES NOTHING BUT PILES.
A SURE and CERTAIN CURE known for 15 years as the BEST REMEDY FOR PILES.
SOLED BY A. D. BRIGGS, PHARMACEUTICAL MED. ED., ST. LOUIS.

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A Chance to Save More Money in An Hour Than One Can Earn in a Week!

Grand Closing-Out Sale

OF AN ENTIRE STOCK OF

SUMMER GOODS

FOR THE

Next Thirty Days

AT THE

"LOUISVILLE STORE."

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR LOW PRICES ALWAYS GO TO THE CHEAPEST AND LARGEST STORE

"The Louisville Store" of HAYS & NEWMAYER.

DRY GOODS.

Heavy Brown Cotton, 4c per yard.
Best Sheet Cotton, 4c per yard.
Good Bleach Cotton, 4c per yard.
One lot of Lawns to close out at
2½c per yard.
Remnants of Wash Goods at your
own price.
Good Crash Toweling at 2½c per
yard.

SHOES.

Infants' Shoes, 19c.
Children's Shoes, 25c and up.
Misses' and Children's Slippers be-
low cost.
Ladies' Slippers, 49c and up.
Ladies' Kid Button Shoes, 80c.
Men's Fine Shoes, 99c.
Men's Plow Shoes, 79c.

CLOTHING.

Boys' Knee Pants, 19c.
Boys' Knee Suits, 79c.
Youths' Suits, in all sizes, from
\$1.19 up.
Men's Suits as low as \$2.00.
Men's Black Clay Worsted Suits,
\$4.98.

MATTING.

WE CARRY THE LARGEST
LINE IN THE CITY.

Good Mattting at 10c per
yard.
Cotton Warp Mattting at 16c per
yard.
We have a lot of Remnants of Car-
pets which we will close out at
most any price.
We have a full line of Trunks and
Telescopes.

We Have Made

Sweeping Reductions

In all departments,
which enables
you to

Buy Goods at Your Own Price

For Rent

The Sam Bates property on High
Street. Suitable for a boarding
house.

Born, to R. C. Lloyd and wife, on
the 6th inst., a daughter.

Ten cents worth of Dr. Daniels
Colic Cure will cure any case of colic
in any horse. Tipton's druggist, 11c.

Cap. Gillispie shipped Saturday a
car load of horses bought in the
county at 3 cts., average 950 lbs.

The thirty-first annual Sunday-
school Union will meet in the First
Baptist Church, Owensboro, on Tues-
day afternoon, August 25.

Sidney A. Smith, a former Louis-
villean, writes from South Africa that
he is engaged in war work. He went
in search of gold.

PERFECT and permanent are the
cures by Hood's Sarsaparilla, be-
cause it makes pure, rich, healthy,
life-giving BLOOD.

Mr. James Timberlake, of Colum-
bus, Va., brother of Mrs. P. P. Burch,
of this city, was run over and killed
by a train near his home last Sat-
urday. Capt. Burch left Saturday ev-
ening for Columbia to attend the
funeral.

You and Your Grandfather

Are removed from each other by a
span of many years. He traveled in
a slow going stage-coach while you
take a lightning express or the electric
car. When he was sick he was treated
by old fashioned methods and given
old fashioned medicine, but you de-
mand modern ideas in medicine as
well as in everything else. Hood's
Sarsaparilla is the medicine of to-day.
It is prepared by modern methods and
its preparation are brought through
the skill and knowledge of modern science.
Hood's Sarsaparilla acts promptly
upon the blood and by making pure,
rich blood it cures disease and estab-
lishes good health.

Complete line of perfumes at J. B.
Tipton's.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Tipton returned
Friday evening from Irvine. While
there, Mrs. Tipton was taken very
seriously ill, but is now very
much improved. Mr. and Mrs. Tip-
ton speak in terms of warmest grati-
tude of the kindness received at
the hands of the noble people of Ir-
vine, who came to the help of
strangers in their midst. Mrs. Tip-
ton was so ill her life, for a time,
was almost despaired of, and with
an open-hearted kindness born of
the spirit that pervaded the life of
the Man of Galilee, the people of
Irvine, with one accord, showed the
strangers within their gates every
attention possible. While heartily
grateful to all, Mr. and Mrs. Tipton
are under special obligations to
Messrs Arch. and Wm. Snowden,
Mr. L. S. Tuber (the landlord of the
hotel) and family and Dr. Embry,
who gave such faithful and intelli-
gent service to his patient.

Salyer-Ferrell.

As the pendulum of time had ticked
off the hours and the old town clock,
was warning the citizens of Pikeville,
that it was 9 p. m., Saturday, the gal-
lant and popular lawyer and president
of the Bank of Pikeville led to the
altar the estimable and well known
lady Mrs. Kentucky Ferrell, and the
two were joined in the holy bonds of
matrimony by the Rev. Mr. Hammett in
an eloquent and impressive cere-
mony.

Mr. Salyer came from Morgan
county to this place two years ago.
He has proven himself to be a man
of marked business capacity and a
lawyer of keen perception, upright
and honorable. Mrs. Salyer is a
woman of fine sense and judgement
and possessed of considerable wealth.
She has always been kind and char-
itable to the poor and has long been a
staunch ally to the business enterprise of
this town and county. She looked
extremely handsome in a dress of
airy white material as she entered the
room leaning on the arm of the
proud bridegroom, who was dressed in
the conventional black. The deli-
cious strains of Mendelsohn's wed-
ding march were rendered by Mrs.
Jas. Sowards.

The guests present were: Mrs.
Rev. Hammett, Miss English Ham-
mett, Mrs. J. M. Staton, Mr. and Mrs.
Jas. Sowards, Mr. and Mrs. Morgan
Sowards, Mr. and Mr. Andrew Hal-
ter, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Flannery,
Judge J. M. York, and Messrs Jas.
Hammett, L. H. Lawson, R. C. Gard-
ner, T. M. Bailey, C. E. Bowles,
Trumble Leslie, R. T. Huffmon, and
the Editor of the Journal; and last
but not least there appeared on the
scene a host of small boys with tin
pans and all manner of noisemakers,
to receive their customary treat of
candy.—Pikeville Journal.

The doctor may be a good old man
but even so, medical examination
and the "local application" treatment
are abhorrent to every modest woman.
They are embarrassing—often useless.
They should not be submitted to unless
everything else has been tried. I
have cases out of ten, there is no rea-
son for them. In nine cases out of ten,
the doctor in general practice is un-
competent to treat female diseases.
They make a branch of medicine by
themselves. They are distinct from
other ailments. They can be properly
understood and only by one who has
had years of actual practice and ex-
perience in this particular line. This
is true of Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief con-
sulting physician of the Invalid's
Hotel Surgical Institute, at Buffalo,
N. Y. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Pre-
scription, a remedy for all derangements
of the reproductive organs of women
has been in actual use for more
than thirty years. It cures every form of "female weakness."

Judge C. W. Goodpaster, of Ow-
ingsville, who has been a candidate
for the Democratic nomination for
Circuit Judge of this District is in
a card withdrawing from the race.

Beautiful line ladies' pocket books
at J. B. Tipton's.

Country News.

(From Lexington Gazette.)
The linn on hemp this year
is very great.

Blue grass has gotten its first good
start in the year, and is growing
rapidly.

The injury to the oats crop is such
as to send up the price a few points
as is usual.

The home grown melons thus far
are insipid and worthless caused by
too much rain.

The 18 months shut down by the
distillers will give the price of corn
another set back.

Baptist Association convened on
Tuesday next at Hickman Church in
this country.

The hall storm on Saturday last
about Versailles, is said to have in-
jured tobacco greatly.

The area that will be sown to wheat
this fall here will be limited to the
amount of ground to go in grass,
farmers tell us.

Large numbers of breeding ewes
are being shipped and quartered on
the farms preparatory for the early
fall trade.

Big Cattle Deal.

The largest cattle deal made in
Madison county this year was con-
summated in Madison county this
week, when Simon Weihl, agent for
Nelson Morris, Chicago, purchased from
Madison county parties over 300
fine fat export cattle for the English
market. Of this number 100 were
bought of James B. Parkes, 35 of M.
C. Covington, 25 of Irvine White,
50 of D. Goodloe, 25 of John A.
Ballard, 20 of T. J. Smith, Sr., 65 of
John B. Parkes, and 45 of G. E. Black.
The average weight was from 1,400 to
1,700 pounds and the price paid was 4
cents, with the exception of one lot
bought of T. J. Smith, Sr., at 35
cents. The entire lot represents a
cash value of \$22,140.—Richmond
Register.

Mrs. Addie Jephson's Muslin Class
will begin its next term at her home
on Mayville Street, on Tuesday, Sep-
tember 2, 1896. Mrs. Jephson is a
thoroughly tried and experienced
teacher, whose marked success is to be
credited to the many excellent medicines
who have gone out from among her
pupils. Those parents and guardians
who desire to give their children or
their wards first-class advantages,
would do well to call on Mrs. Jeph-
son.

On next Saturday, the 15th inst., at
2 o'clock p. m., the single standard
Democrat will hold a meeting to se-
lect delegates to the State Convention,
which meets in Louisville on the
20th inst.

Born, to the wife of Rev. William
Forrest (nee Maude Clark), Ann Arbor,
Mich., Saturday, August 8, 1896,
a son—Henry Clark.

Bargain seekers that have cash
to spend can do well by going to
W. W. Reed's.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miller's Pain Pill.

Campaign Committee Organized.

Democratic Campaign Committee
organized, Saturday, at the Court
House. A. A. Hazelrigg was made
Chairman; S. D. Jones and R. A.
Chiles, Secretaries, and W. T. Fitz-
patrick, Treasurer.

PRECINCT COMMITTEEMEN.

J. B. Taulbee and M. Cockrell, First
Ward.

J. B. Phillips, A. A. Hazelrigg and I.
M. Burbridge, Second Ward.

W. T. Shirah and R. A. Chiles,
Fourth Ward.

W. T. Fitzpatrick and T. D. Jones,
Third Ward.

J. H. Oldham, T. J. Douglass,
Levee.

E. E. Keith, W. F. Horton, A. B.
Railey, Sam Turley, Camargo.

W. C. Richardson, J. R. Thomas,
J. C. D. Burbridge, O. P. Shultz, Johnson,
J. R. Shrou, Ed Owings and E.
Cooper, Spencer.

Frank Thompson and E. Gillespie,
Hart.

J. W. Henry, J. T. Stockdale,
Aaron's Run.

J. C. G. Jackson, I. N. Green and
Chas. Donahue, Grassy Lick.

Asa Bean, R. C. Robinson, and Cliff
Pewitt, Jr., Beans.

Eph May, A. M. Bedford and Miller
Anderson, Jeffersonville.

FINANCE COMMITTEE.

O. M. Cockrell, First Ward.

H. M. Burbridge, Second Ward.

W. T. Simral, Third Ward.

T. D. Jones, Fourth Ward.

J. T. Douglass, Levee.

A. B. Railey, Camargo.

J. C. D. Burbridge, Johnson's.

R. Marshall, Spencer.

Frank Thompson, Hart.

J. H. Henry, Aaron's Run.

I. N. Green, Grassy Lick.

R. C. Robinson, Bean's.

Eph May, Jeffersonville.

MONEY MADE IN A MINUTE.

I have not made less than sixteen
dollars a day while selling Central-
fog Ice Cream Freezers. Any one
should make from five to eight dol-
lars a day selling cream, and from
seven to ten dollars selling freezers, if
it is such a wonder, there is always
a crowd wanting cream. You can
freeze cream elegantly in one minute
and that astonishes people so they all
want to taste it and then many of
them buy freezers as the cream is
smooth and perfectly frozen. Every
freezer is guaranteed to freeze the
cream perfectly in one minute. Any one
can sell ice cream, and the freezer
sells itself. My sister makes from
ten to fifteen dollars a day, J. F.
Casey & Co., 1143 St., Charles St.,
St. Louis, Mo., will mail you full par-
ticulars free, so you can go to work
and make lots of money anywhere, as
with one freezer you can make a hundred
gallons of cream a day, or if you
wish they will hire you at a salary.

LILLIE B.

Hawesville is probably the only city
in the world that is doing its best to
grow smaller, says the Herald.
For some years the city limits have
expanded one mile, and a few days a
ago, in order to save expenses in road
working, the Council had the limits
drawn in so that they barely include
the court-house on one side. The
stroke has succeeded in turning a
goodly portion of the city out to grass
and causing it to be solidly Repub-
lican.

LILLIE B.

What stops Neuralgia? Dr. Miller's Pain Pill.

Lightning's Deadly Work.

During the severe storm that visited
this county Friday afternoon, Jo May
a farm laborer was killed, his son
severely, and two other men slightly
shocked, on Charles Frazier's farm
near Peyton's Lick. May and his son
Jesse, aged 20 years, with their com-
panions had taken refuge in a large
barn to escape the fury of the storm.
All were standing leaning on a plank
when the bolt came tearing out one
end of the barn, and throwing all to
the ground. The elder May was instant-
ly killed. The top of the crown
of his hat was torn out but not as
an abrasion made on the skin. The skin
of his son's face was split from ear to
ear to ear the marking across the
chin and he received enough of the
flame to make his condition a serious
one. The other parties were so near
to those injured were not much hurt.

Mr. W. T. Stokley announces him-
self as a candidate for Jailer of Mont-
gomery county. Mr. Stokley is a
young man who has spent 20 years of
his life in this county and is known
to our people. He appeals for the
support of his friends in the party on
his merits. He points with pardon-
able pride to the fact that he has never
failed to vote and work for the nomi-
nates of his party; once in all his life
since he became a voter, he has failed
to vote for every party nominee
on the ticket. He has always been
content to work in the ranks, never
having asked for office until now.
Mr. W. T. Stokley is a son of the late Wm. Stokley, of Aaron's Run
and married the daughter of T. N.
Perry, of Spencer and his large family
connection will give him a strong
vote.

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to
regulate the bowels and kidneys will
find the true remedy in Electric Bitter.
This medicine does not stimulate
and contains no whisky nor other
intoxicants, but acts as a tonic and
alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach
and intestines, aiding nature in the performance
of the functions. Electric Bitters is an
excellent appetizer and aids digestion.
Old people find it just exactly what
they need. Price 50c and \$1 per bot-
tles at W. S. Lloyd's drugstore.

Found Dead in His Bed.

Mr. Obadiah Dooley, aged sixty-
three, a well known citizen was found
dead in his bed last Tuesday morning
at the residence of his brother-in-
law John W. Wilson. Mr. Dooley
retired the night before in his usual
health and from his position when
found his death was painless.

Thomas B. Reed, of Moline, late can-
didate for President before the Repub-
lican Convention, said in a speech the
other day: "Two months ago no man
of any standing would have risked his reputation as a prophet by
hinting the slightest doubt of Repub-
lican success." To-day there are few
men to be found willing to risk their
reputations as prophets by hinting
the slightest confidence in Republican
success next November.

The Jeffersonville

Industrial School.

The next term of this
School will

OPEN MONDAY, SEPT. 7, 1896.

There will be accommodations for
about 20 or 25 students from a dis-
tance.

For full particulars address, with
stamp,

REV. J. B. GREENWADE,
50-3mo Jeffersonville, Ky.

What a Woman Can Do.

Last week I cleared, after paying all
expenses, \$355.85, the month previous
to \$200 and have at the same time at-
tended to other duties. I believe any
eager person can do equally well, as
well, as I have had very little experi-
ence. The Dish Washer is just lovely
and every family wants one, which makes
selling very easy. I do no can-
vasing. People hear about the Dish
Washer and come or send for one. It
is strange that a good, cheap Dish
Washer has never been put on the
market. The Mound City Dish
Washer fills this bill. With it you can
wash and dry for a family of ten in
two minutes without wetting your
hands. As soon as people see the
Washer work they want one. You
can make more money and make it
quicker than with any household article
on the market. I feel convinced
that any lady or gentlemen can make
from \$10 to \$14 per day around home.
You can get full information by ad-
ressing The Mound City Dish Wash-
er Company, St. Louis, Mo.

They help you get started, then you can
make money awful fast. A. L. C.

Mr. H. C. Gillispie announces in
this issue of the ADVOCATE as a
candidate for County Court Clerk,
of this county, subject to the action
of the Democratic party. Mr. Gil-
lispe is fitted for the position to
which he aspires, is fifty years old
and has never held an office in the
county. He is a real Democrat,
never above party, but always in
its rank and file, a worker who
could at all times be depended on.
Mr. Gillispie announces in answer
to a question, "What is the
position he is seeking?"

Notice

All persons interested are notified
that I have this day entered motion in
the Montgomery County Court to be
finally discharged as assignee of A. O.
Redwitz, and said motion will be
heard on the 3d Monday in September,
1896. Jas. W. Groves,
Assignee A. O. Redwitz.
July 27, 1896.